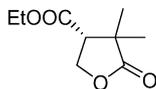


## Stereochemistry abstracts

Sonia Coriani\*, Cristina Forzato\*, Giada Furlan, Patrizia Nitti, Giuliana Pitacco, Magnus Ringholm, Kenneth Ruud

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* 20 (2009) 1459



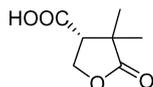
$C_9H_{14}O_4$

Ethyl (R)-(+)-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-3-carboxylate

Ee = 94% (by chiral HRGC)  
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +16.7$  (c 0.40, MeOH)  
 $\Delta\epsilon_{213} = +1.02$  (MeOH)  
 Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution  
 Absolute configuration: (R)

Sonia Coriani\*, Cristina Forzato\*, Giada Furlan, Patrizia Nitti, Giuliana Pitacco, Magnus Ringholm, Kenneth Ruud

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* 20 (2009) 1459



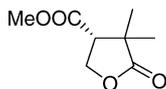
$C_7H_{10}O_4$

(R)-(+)-4,4-Dimethyl-5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-3-carboxylic acid

Ee = 94% (by chiral HRGC)  
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +12.9$  (c 0.31, MeOH)  
 $\Delta\epsilon_{214} = +0.85$  (MeOH)  
 Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution  
 Absolute configuration: (R)

Sonia Coriani\*, Cristina Forzato\*, Giada Furlan, Patrizia Nitti, Giuliana Pitacco, Magnus Ringholm, Kenneth Ruud

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* 20 (2009) 1459



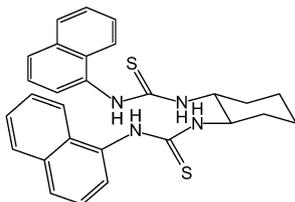
$C_8H_{12}O_4$

Methyl (R)-(+)-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxo-tetrahydrofuran-3-carboxylate

Ee = 94% (by chiral HRGC)  
 $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +20.4$  (c 0.25, MeOH)  
 $\Delta\epsilon_{213} = +0.80$  (MeOH)  
 Source of chirality: enzymatic resolution  
 Absolute configuration: (R)

Ana M. Costero\*, Ursula Llaosa, Salvador Gil, Margarita Parra, Manuel Colera

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry* 20 (2009) 1468



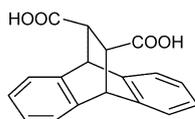
$C_{28}H_{28}N_4S_2$

(1R,2R)-1,2-Bis-(3-(naphthalen-1-yl)thioureido)cyclohexane

Ee = 99%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +0.40$  (c 0.022M, DMSO)  
 Source of chirality: (1R,2R)-1,2-diaminocyclohexane  
 Absolute configuration: (1R,2R)

Aleksandra Wasilewska, Maria J. Milewska, Maria Gdaniec, Tadeusz Połoński \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1472*



$C_{18}H_{14}O_4$

(11S,12S)-9,10-Dihydro-9,10-ethanoanthracene-11,12-dicarboxylic acid

Ee >97%

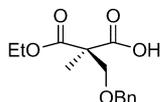
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -9.2$  (c 4, MeOH)

Source of chirality: resolution

Absolute configuration: (11S,12S)

Douglas S. Masterson \*, Dale A. Rosado Jr., Cassie Nabors

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1476*



$C_{14}H_{18}O_5$

(R)-2-(4-(Benzyloxymethyl)-3-ethoxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropanoic acid

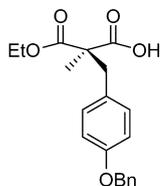
$[\alpha]_D^{21.8} = +7.7$  (c 0.208, MeOH)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (2R)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1476*



$C_{20}H_{22}O_5$

(R)-2-(4-(Benzyloxy)benzyl)-3-ethoxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropanoic acid

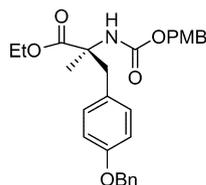
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -1.0$  (c 0.066,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (2R)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1476*



$C_{28}H_{31}NO_6$

(S)-Ethyl-3-(benzyloxy)-2-((4-methoxybenzyloxy)carbonylamino)-2-methylpropanoate

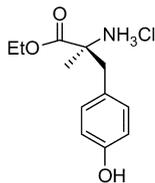
$[\alpha]_D^{17.8} = +24.2$  (c 0.07,  $CH_2Cl_2$ ).

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1476*



C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>

(S)- $\alpha$ -Methyl tyrosine ethyl ester

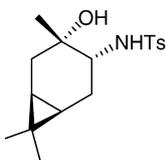
$[\alpha]_{\text{obs}}^{21.7} = -0.10$  (c 1.2 M HCl)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-((1R,3R,4S,6S)-(+)-4-Hydroxy-4,7,7-trimethyl-bicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-3-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

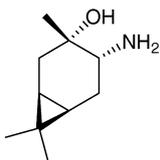
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +34.5$  (c 1.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-3-carene

Absolute configuration: (1R,3R,4S,6S)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO

(1S,3S,4R,6R)-(+)-4-Amino-3,7,7-trimethyl-bicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-3-ol

Ee = 99%

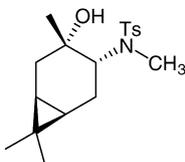
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +12.5$  (c 3.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-3-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,3S,4R,6R)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-((1R,3R,4S,6S)-(+)-4-Hydroxy-4,7,7-trimethylbicyclo-[4.1.0]heptan-3-yl)-N-4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

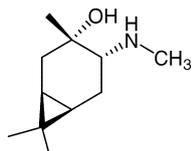
$[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +64.5$  (c 2.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-3-carene

Absolute configuration: (1R,3R,4S,6S)

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C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO

(1S,3S,4R,6R)-3,7,7-Trimethyl-4-(methylamino)bicyclo-[4.1.0]heptan-3-ol

Ee = 99%

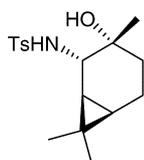
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -29.9$  (c 2.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-3-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,3S,4R,6R)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-((1S,2S,3R,6R)-(+)-3-Hydroxy-3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo-[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

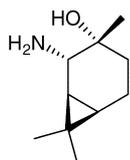
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +48.7$  (c 1.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-2-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,2S,3R,6R)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO

(1S,2S,3R,6R)-(-)-2-Amino-3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-3-ol

Ee = 99%

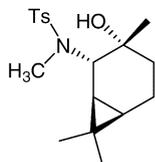
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -8.4$  (c 2.7, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-2-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,2S,3R,6R)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-((1S,2S,3R,6R)-3-Hydroxy-3,7,7-trimethylbicyclo[4.1.0]heptan-2-yl)-N-4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

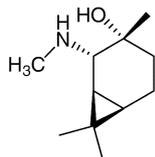
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -51.0$  (c 1.45, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-2-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,2S,3R,6R)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO

(1S,2S,3R,6R)-3,7,7-Trimethyl-2-(methylamino)bicyclo-[4.1.0]heptan-3-ol

Ee = 99%

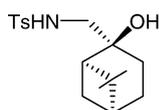
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +36.4$  (c 2.15, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (+)-2-carene

Absolute configuration: (1S,2S,3R,6R)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-(((1R,2S,5S)-(-)-2-Hydroxy-6,6-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]heptan-2-yl)methyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

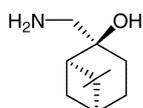
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -19.0$  (c 1.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (-)-β-pinene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2S,5S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO

(1R,2S,5S)-(-)-2-(Aminomethyl)-6,6-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 99%

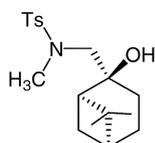
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -51.3$  (c 2.6, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (-)-β-pinene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2S,5S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-(((1R,2S,5S)-2-Hydroxy-6,6-dimethylbicyclo[3.1.1]heptan-2-yl)ethyl)-N-4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 99%

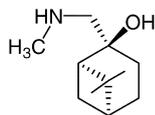
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -16.5$  (c 3.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (-)-β-pinene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2S,5S)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO

(1R,2S,5S)-6,6-Dimethyl-2-((methylamino)methyl)bicyclo-[3.1.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 99%

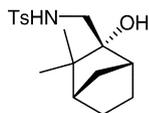
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -60.0$  (c 1.15, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (-)-β-pinene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2S,5S)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S

N-(((1R,2R,4S)-2-Hydroxy-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)methyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 75%

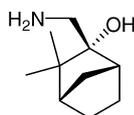
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +14.2$  (c 1.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (-)-camphene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2R,4S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO

(1R,2R,4S)-2-(Aminomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 75%

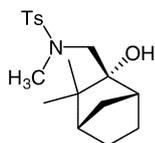
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +18.7$  (c 1.1, DMSO)

Source of chirality: (-)-camphene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2R,4S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>

N-(((1R,2R,4S)-2-Hydroxy-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)methyl)-N-4-dimethylbenzenesulfonamide

Ee = 75%

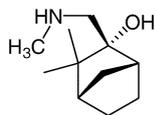
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +1.4$  (c 2.2, DMSO)

Source of chirality: (-)-camphene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2S,4S)

Krzysztof Z. Łączkowski \*, Anna Kmieciak, Anna Kozakiewicz

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1487*



C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO

(1R,2R,4S)-3,3-Dimethyl-2-((methylamino)methyl)bicyclo-[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 75%

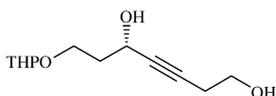
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = +18.2 (c 1.35, MeOH)

Source of chirality: (-)-camphene

Absolute configuration: (1R,2R,4S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*



C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

(5S)-7-(Tetrahydro-2H-2-pyran-2-yl)oxy-3-heptyne-1,5-diol

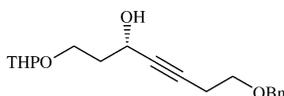
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +5.1 (c 1.05, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (5S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*



C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

(3S)-7-(Benzyloxy)-1-(tetrahydro-2H-2-pyran-2-yl)oxy-4-heptyn-3-ol

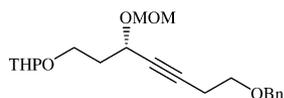
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -40.3 (c 0.9, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (3S)

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*



C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>5</sub>

2-[(3S)-7-(Benzyloxy)-3-(methoxymethoxy)-4-heptynyl]oxytetrahydro-2H-pyran

[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -36.9 (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

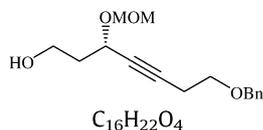
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (3S)

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$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -88.1$  (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

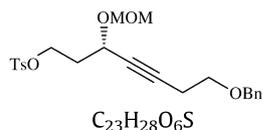


(3S)-7-(Benzyloxy)-3-(methoxymethoxy)-4-heptyn-1-ol

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -47.4$  (c 1.35, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

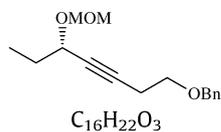


(3S)-7-(Benzyloxy)-3-(methoxymethoxy)-4-heptynyl 4-methyl-1-benzenesulfonate

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -99.3$  (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (5S)

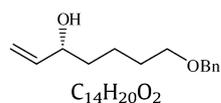


(5S)-1-(benzyloxy)-5-(methoxymethoxy)-3-heptyne

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -6.0$  (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

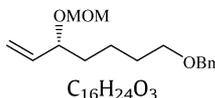


(3R)-7-(Benzyloxy)-1-hepten-3-ol

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*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +26.0$  (c 0.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (3R)



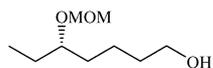
C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

(3R)-7-(Benzyloxy)-3-(methoxymethoxy)-1-heptene

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +4.9$  (c 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (5S)



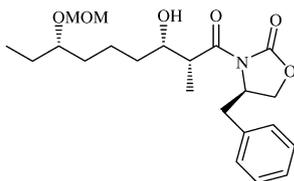
C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>

(5S)-5-(Methoxymethoxy)heptan-1-ol

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -38.4$  (c 1.4, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (4R,2R,3S,7S)



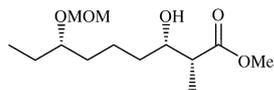
C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>

(4R)-4-Benzyl-3-[(2R,3S,7S)-3-hydroxy-7-(methoxymethoxy)-2-methylnonanoyl]-1,3-oxazolan-2-one

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -10.2$  (c 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (2R,3S,7S)



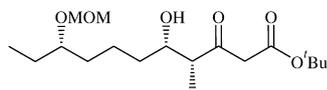
C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>5</sub>

Methyl (2R,3S,7S)-3-hydroxy-7-(methoxymethoxy)-2-methylnonanoate

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -5.0$  (c 1.1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (4R,5S,9S)



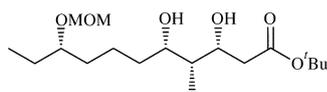
C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>34</sub>O<sub>6</sub>

*tert*-Butyl(4R,5S,9S)-5-hydroxy-9-(methoxymethoxy)-4-methyl-3-oxoundecanoate

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +3.0$  (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (3R,4R,5S,9S)



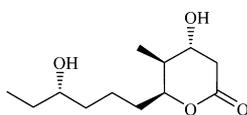
C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>6</sub>

*tert*-Butyl(3R,4R,5S,9S)-3,5-dihydroxy-9-(methoxymethoxy)-4-methylundecanoate

Gowravaram Sabitha \*, Peddabuddi Gopal, Jhillu S. Yadav

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1493*

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -39.5$  (c 0.27, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (4R,5S,6S)



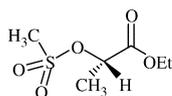
C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

(4R,5S,6S)-4-Hydroxy-6-[(4S)-4-hydroxyhexyl]-5-methyltetrahydro-2H-2-pyranone

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -65$  (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: ethyl ester (*S*)-2-hydroxypropionic acid  
Absolute configuration: (*S*)

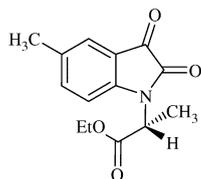


C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S

Ethyl *O*-methanesulfonyl-(*S*)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>

Ethyl 2-(5-methylisatin-1-yl)propanoate

Ee ≥ 30%

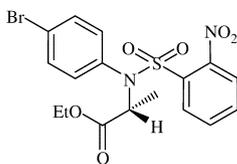
[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = -1.3 (c 3.8, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (S)-ethyl 2-(methanesulfonyl)propanoate

Absolute configuration: (R)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S

Ethyl (R)-N-(2-nitrophenylsulfonyl)-N-(4-bromophenyl)-2-aminopropanoate

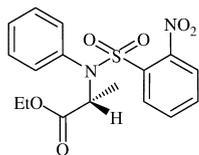
[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = -8.4 (c 3.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: ethyl (S)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (R)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S

Ethyl (R)-N-(2-nitrophenylsulfonyl)-N-(4-phenyl)-2-aminopropanoate

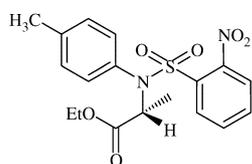
[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = +10.1 (c 3.27, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: ethyl (S)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (R)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>6</sub>S

Ethyl (R)-N-(2-nitrophenylsulfonyl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)-2-aminopropanoate

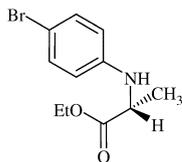
[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> = +2.1 (c 3.27 CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: ethyl (S)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (R)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-bromophenylamino)-propanoate

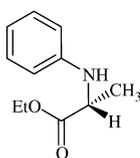
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +67$  (c 3.37  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: ethyl (*S*)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-phenylamino)-propanoate

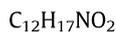
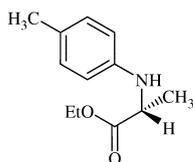
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +40$  (c 2.71,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: ethyl (*S*)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-methylphenylamino)-propanoate

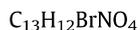
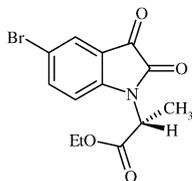
$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +49$  (c 3.30,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: ethyl (*S*)-2-hydroxypropanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(5-bromisatin-1-yl)propanoate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +2$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

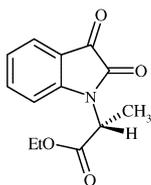
$E_e \geq 97\%$

Source of chirality: Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-bromophenylamino)-propanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>

(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(isatin-1-yl)propanoate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = +8$  (c 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

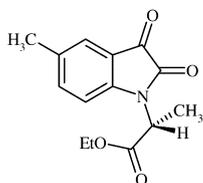
Ee ≥ 99%

Source of chirality: Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-phenylamino)-propanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Alexander V. Kurkin \*, Anna A. Bernovskaya, Marina A. Yurovskaya

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1500*



C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>

(*R*)-Ethyl 2-(5-methylisatin-1-yl)propanoate

$[\alpha]_D^{20} = -4.3$  (c 3.8, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

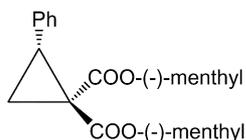
Ee ≥ 99%

Source of chirality: Ethyl (*R*)-*N*-(4-methylphenylamino)-propanoate

Absolute configuration: (*R*)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

Di-(−)-menthyl-(2*R*)-2-phenylcyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

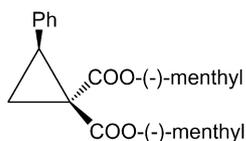
$[\alpha]_D^{19} = +34.6$  (c 1.69, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-(−)-menthol

Absolute configuration: (2*R*)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

Di-(−)-menthyl-(2*S*)-2-phenylcyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

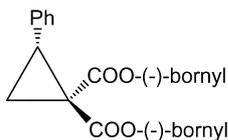
$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -86.0$  (c 0.84, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)

Source of chirality: (1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-(−)-menthol

Absolute configuration: (2*S*)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



Di-(–)-bornyl-(2R)-2-phenylcyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

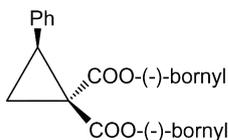
$$[\alpha]_D^{22} = +43.9 \text{ (c 2.20, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(–)-borneol

Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



Di-(–)-bornyl-(2S)-2-phenylcyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

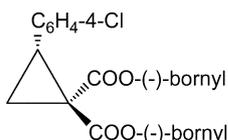
$$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -113.9 \text{ (c 2.80, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(–)-borneol

Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



Di-(–)-bornyl-(2R)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

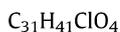
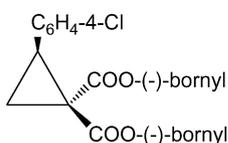
$$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +55.2 \text{ (c 1.30, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(–)-borneol

Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*



Di-(–)-bornyl-(2S)-2-(4-chlorophenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

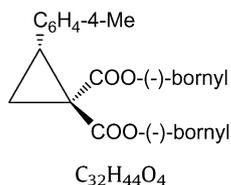
$$[\alpha]_D^{24} = -84.7 \text{ (c 1.26, CHCl}_3\text{)}$$

Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(–)-borneol

Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

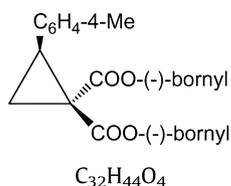


Di(-)-bornyl-(2R)-2-(4-methylphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

$[\alpha]_D^{26} = +48.3$  (c 2.16,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

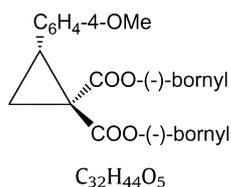


Di(-)-bornyl-(2S)-2-(4-methylphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

$[\alpha]_D^{26} = -104.2$  (c 2.02,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

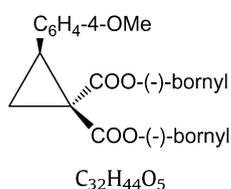


Di(-)-bornyl-(2R)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

$[\alpha]_D^{27} = +53.5$  (c 2.17,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

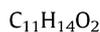
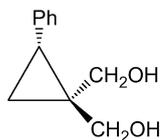


Di(-)-bornyl-(2S)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -93.1$  (c 2.88,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

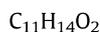
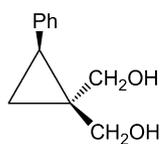


[(2R)-2-Phenylcyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{16} = +2.2$  (c 1.75,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

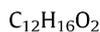
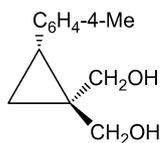


[(2S)-2-Phenylcyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{18} = -2.1$  (c 2.39,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

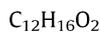
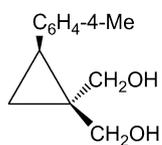


[(2R)-2-(4-Methylphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{23} = +9.9$  (c 1.41,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

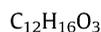
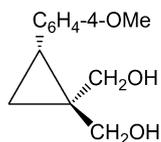


[(2S)-2-(4-Methylphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = -8.6$  (c 2.42,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2S)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

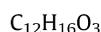
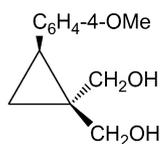


[(2R)-2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{30} = +9.1$  (c 1.75,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Luana Bagnoli \*, Catalina Scarponi, Lorenzo Testaferri, Marcello Tiecco \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1506*

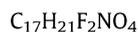
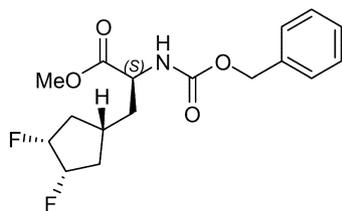


[(2S)-2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)cyclopropane-1,1-diyl]dimethanol

$[\alpha]_D^{27} = -9.4$  (c 1.21,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: [(1S)-endo]-(-)-borneol  
Absolute configuration: (2S)

Robert D. Simpson \*, Wei Zhao

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1515*

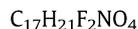
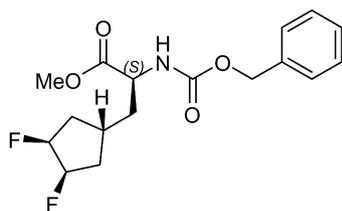


(S)-Methyl 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-((1s,3R,4S)-3,4-difluorocyclopentyl)propanoate(S)-methyl 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-((1r,3R,4S)-3,4-difluorocyclopentyl)propanoate

Ee = > 98%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +3.2$  (c 0.51,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )  
Source of chirality: asymmetric alkylation

Robert D. Simpson \*, Wei Zhao

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1515*

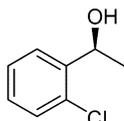


(S)-Methyl 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-((1s,3R,4S)-3,4-difluorocyclopentyl)propanoate(S)-methyl 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-((1s,3R,4S)-3,4-difluorocyclopentyl)propanoate

Ee = > 98%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{23} = +1.95$  (c 0.51,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )  
Source of chirality: asymmetric alkylation

Leandro H. Andrade \*, Leandro Piovan, Mônica D. Pasquini

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1521*

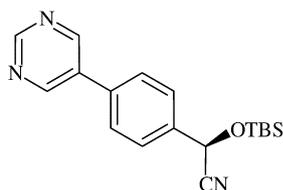


$C_8H_9ClO$   
(S)-1-(2-Chlorophenyl)ethanol

Ee = 99%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -59.8$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Absolute configuration: (S)  
Source of chirality : Bioreduction

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*

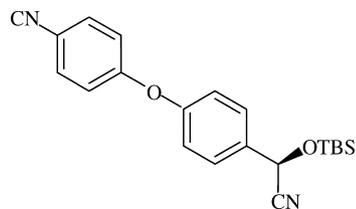


$C_{18}H_{23}N_3OSi$   
(R)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-(4-pyrimidin-5-yl-phenyl)-acetonitrile

Ee = 94%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +26.4$  (c 1.0, MeOH)  
Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*

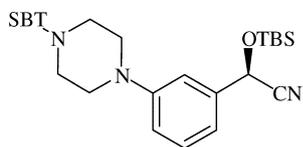


$C_{21}H_{24}N_2O_2Si$   
(R)-4-[4-((tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-cyano-methyl)-phenoxy]-benzonitrile

Ee = 96%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +38.7$  (c 1.0, MeOH)  
Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*

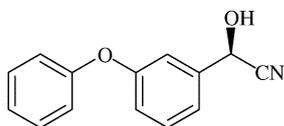


$C_{24}H_{43}N_3OSi_2$   
(R)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-{3-[4-(tert-butyl-dimethylsilyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-phenyl}-acetonitrile

Ee = 94%  
 $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +26.4$  (c 1.0, MeOH)  
Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation  
Absolute configuration: (2R)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>

(*R*)-2-Hydroxy-2-(3-phenoxy-phenyl)-acetonitrile

Ee = 99%

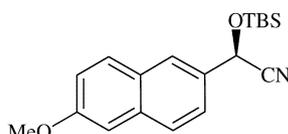
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = +26.4 (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2*R*)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si

(*R*)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-(6-methoxy-naphthalen-2-yl)-acetonitrile

Ee = 97%

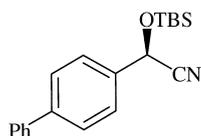
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = +32.5 (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2*R*)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NOSi

(*R*)-Biphenyl-4-yl-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-acetonitrile

Ee = 96%

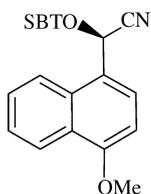
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = +18.9 (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2*R*)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si

(*R*)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silyloxy)-(4-methoxy-naphthalen-2-yl)-acetonitrile

Ee = 94%

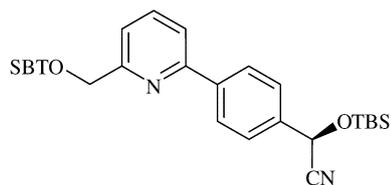
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = +61.2 (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2*R*)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



$C_{26}H_{40}N_2O_2Si_2$

(R)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-[4-[6-(tert-butyl-dimethylsilanyloxymethyl)-pyridin-2-yl]-phenyl]-acetonitrile

Ee = 98%

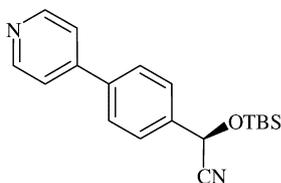
$[\alpha]_D^{28} = +49.8$  (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2R)

Rajib Bhunya, Tridib Mahapatra, Samik Nanda \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1526*



$C_{19}H_{24}N_2OSi$

(R)-(tert-Butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-(4-pyridin-4-yl-phenyl)-acetonitrile

Ee = 96%

$[\alpha]_D^{28} = +23.45$  (c 1.0, MeOH)

Source of chirality: enzymatic hydrocyanation

Absolute configuration: (2R)

Frank W. Lewis, Gilles Egron, David H. Grayson \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1531*



$C_{10}H_{15}O_3Cl$

(1S,4R)-(7,7-Dimethyl-2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl) methanesulfonyl chloride

Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D^{27} = +30.9$  (c 1.29,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: homochiral template

Absolute configuration: (1S,4R)

Frank W. Lewis, Gilles Egron, David H. Grayson \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1531*



$C_{10}H_{15}OI$

(1S,4R)-1-(Iodomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo-[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

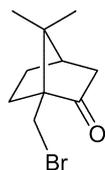
$[\alpha]_D^{23} = -20.1$  (c 1.28,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: homochiral template

Absolute configuration: (1S,4R)

Frank W. Lewis, Gilles Egron, David H. Grayson \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1531*



$C_{10}H_{15}OBr$

(1S,4R)-1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo-[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

$[\alpha]_D^{23} = +24.8$  (c 1.12,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: homochiral template

Absolute configuration: (1S,4R)

Frank W. Lewis, Gilles Egron, David H. Grayson \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1531*



$C_{10}H_{15}OCl$

(1S,4R)-1-(Chloromethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo-[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

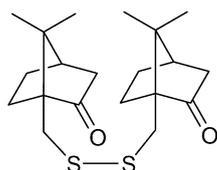
$[\alpha]_D^{16} = +39.7$  (c 1.16, EtOH)

Source of chirality: homochiral template

Absolute configuration: (1S,4R)

Frank W. Lewis, Gilles Egron, David H. Grayson \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1531*



$C_{20}H_{30}O_2S_2$

1,1'-[Dithiobis(methylene)]bis(1S, 4R)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

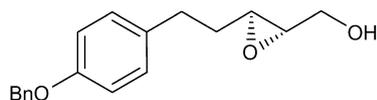
$[\alpha]_D^{22} = -102.1$  (c 0.94,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: homochiral template

Absolute configuration: (1S,4R)

Biswanath Das \*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



$C_{18}H_{20}O_3$

((2S,3S)-3-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenethyl)oxiran-2-yl)methanol

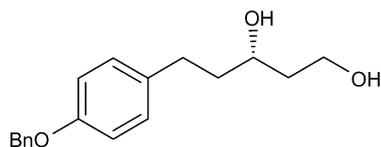
$[\alpha]_D = -5.4$  (c 0.5,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation

Absolute configuration: (2S,3S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



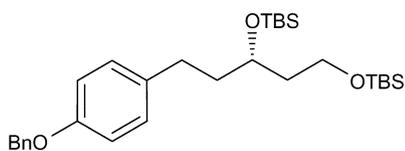
$C_{18}H_{22}O_3$

(S)-5-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenyl)pentane-1,3-diol

$[\alpha]_D = -1.4$  (c 0.5,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



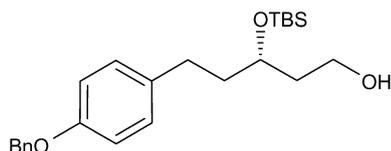
$C_{30}H_{50}O_3Si_2$

(S)-5-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenethyl)-2,2,3,3,9,9,10,10-octamethyl-4,8-dioxo-3,9-disilaundecane

$[\alpha]_D = +7.0$  (c 0.5,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



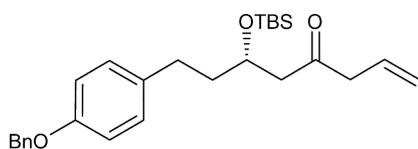
$C_{24}H_{36}O_3Si$

(S)-5-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenyl)-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)pentan-1-ol

$[\alpha]_D = -33.0$  (c 0.6,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation  
Absolute configuration: (3S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



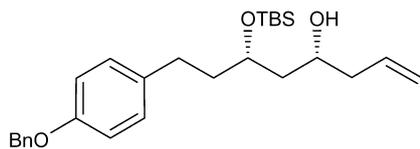
$C_{27}H_{38}O_3Si$

(S)-8-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenyl)-6-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)oct-1-en-4-one

$[\alpha]_D = +1.8$  (c 0.6,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation  
Absolute configuration: (6S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



$C_{27}H_{40}O_3Si$

(4R,6S)-8-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenyl)-6-(tertbutyldimethylsilyloxy)oct-1-en-4-ol

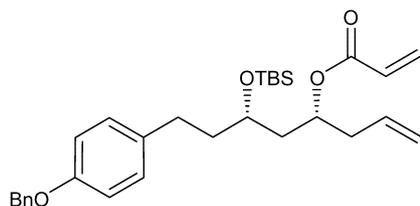
$[\alpha]_D = -0.1$  (c 0.6,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation and 1,3 induction

Absolute configuration: (4R,6S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



$C_{30}H_{42}O_4Si$

(4R,6S)-8-(4-(Benzyloxy)phenyl)-6-(tertbutyldimethylsilyloxy)oct-1-en-4-ylacrylate

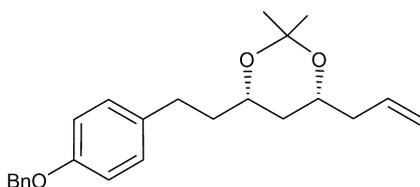
$[\alpha]_D = -2.0$  (c 0.25,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of Chirality: Sharpless epoxidation and 1,3 induction

Absolute configuration: (4R,6S)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



$C_{24}H_{30}O_3$

(4R,6S)-4-Allyl-6-(4-(benzyloxy)phenethyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane

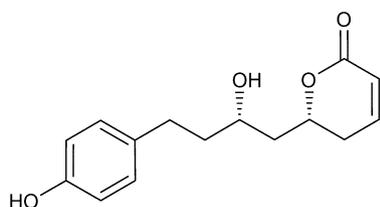
$[\alpha]_D = -7.1$  (c 0.15,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation and 1,3 induction

Absolute configuration: (3S,5R)

Biswanath Das\*, Kanaparthi Suneel, Gandham Satyalakshmi,  
Duddukuri Nandan Kumar

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1536*



$C_{15}H_{18}O_4$

(R)-6-((S)-2-Hydroxy-4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)butyl)-5,6-dihydro-2H-pyran-2-one

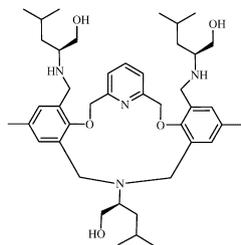
$[\alpha]_D = +39.3$  (c 0.35,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: Sharpless epoxidation and 1,3 induction

Absolute configuration: (6R,2S)

Hayriye Ozer, Şafak Ozhan Kocakaya, Abuzer Akgun, Halil Hoşgören, Mahmut Togrul \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1541*



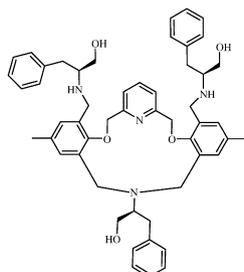
$C_{43}H_{66}N_4O_5$

Macrocyclic (S,S,S)-1

$[\alpha]_D^{35} = +6.8$  (c 0.7,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )  
Source of chirality: L-leucine  
Absolute configuration: (S,S,S)

Hayriye Ozer, Şafak Ozhan Kocakaya, Abuzer Akgun, Halil Hoşgören, Mahmut Togrul \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1541*



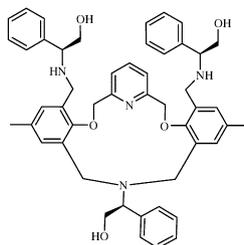
$C_{52}H_{60}N_4O_5$

Macrocyclic (S,S,S)-2

$[\alpha]_D^{35} = +23.9$  (c 0.7,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )  
Source of chirality: L-phenylalanine  
Absolute configuration: (S,S,S)

Hayriye Ozer, Şafak Ozhan Kocakaya, Abuzer Akgun, Halil Hoşgören, Mahmut Togrul \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1541*



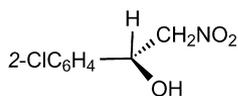
$C_{49}H_{54}N_4O_5$

Macrocyclic (S,S,S)-3

$[\alpha]_D^{35} = -23.7$  (c 0.7,  $CH_2Cl_2$ )  
Source of chirality: L-glycinol  
Absolute configuration: (S,S,S)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak \*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*



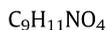
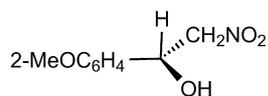
$C_8H_8ClNO_3$

1-(2'-Chlorophenyl)-2-nitroethanol

Ee = 87 %  
 $[\alpha]_D = -50.4$  (c 1,  $CHCl_3$ )  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak\*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*

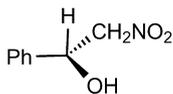


1-(2'-Methoxyphenyl)-2-nitroethanol

Ee = 95 %  
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = -45.5 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak\*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*

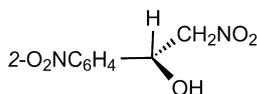


1-Phenyl-2-nitroethanol

Ee = 98 %  
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = -22.0 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak\*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*

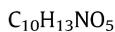
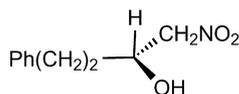


1-(2'-Nitrophenyl)-2-nitroethanol

Ee = 90 %  
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = +228 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak\*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*

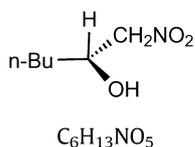


1-Nitro-4-phenylbutan-2-ol

Ee = 85 %  
[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = +14.2 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Michał Rachwalski, Stanisław Leśniak\*, Ewelina Sznajder, Piotr Kiełbasiński\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1547*

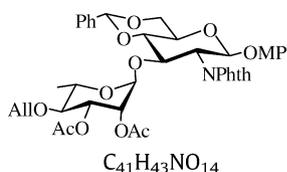


1-Nitrohexan-2-ol

Ee = 90 %  
[α]<sub>D</sub> = -9.0 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality : asymmetric synthesis  
Absolute configuration: (R) (literature data)

Rajib Panchadhayee, Anup Kumar Misra\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1550*

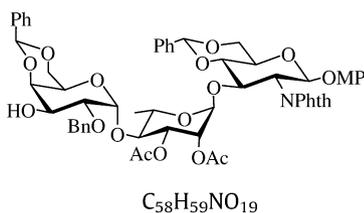


4-Methoxyphenyl (2,3-di-O-acetyl-4-O-allyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1→3)-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-2-N-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranoside

[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +9.3 (c 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: L-rhamnose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride

Rajib Panchadhayee, Anup Kumar Misra\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1550*

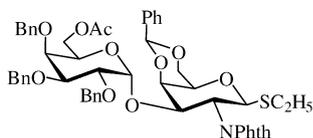


4-Methoxyphenyl (2-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene-α-D-galactopyranosyl)-(1→4)-(2,3-di-O-acetyl-α-L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1→3)-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-2-N-phthalimido-β-D-glucopyranoside

[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = -4 (c 1.2, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: D-galactose, L-rhamnose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride

Rajib Panchadhayee, Anup Kumar Misra\*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1550*

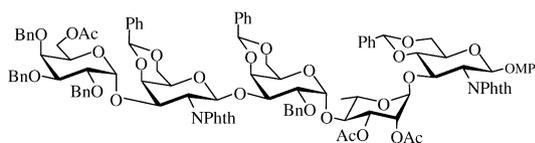


Ethyl (6-O-acetyl-2,3,4-tri-O-benzyl-α-D-galactopyranosyl)-(1→3)-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-2-N-phthalimido-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside

[α]<sub>D</sub><sup>25</sup> = +81 (c 1.5, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: D-galactose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride

Rajib Panchadhayee, Anup Kumar Misra \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1550*



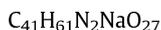
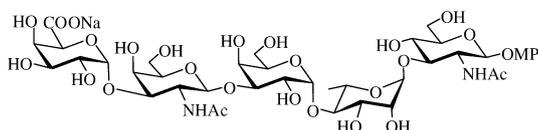
4-Methoxyphenyl (6-O-acetyl-2,3,4-tri-O-benzyl- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-(4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-2-N-phthalimido- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-(2-O-benzyl-4,6-O-benzylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-(2,3-di-O-acetyl- $\alpha$ -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-4,6-O-benzylidene-2-deoxy-2-N-phthalimido- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +66$  (c 1.2,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: D-galactose, D-glucosamine, L-rhamnose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride

Rajib Panchadhayee, Anup Kumar Misra \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1550*



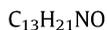
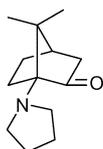
4-Methoxyphenyl (sodium  $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl uronate)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-(2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-( $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 4)-( $\alpha$ -L-rhamnopyranosyl)-(1 $\rightarrow$ 3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranoside

$[\alpha]_D^{25} = +77$  (c 1.0,  $H_2O$ )

Source of chirality: D-galactose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride, L-rhamnose, D-glucosamine hydrochloride

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



(1S)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidin-1-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

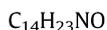
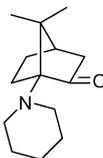
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +45.2$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S)

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



(1S)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-piperidin-1-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

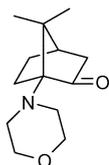
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +91.4$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S)

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



$C_{13}H_{21}NO_2$

(1S)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-morpholin-4-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one

Ee = 100%

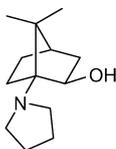
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +82.5$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S)

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



$C_{13}H_{23}NO$

(1S, 2R)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-pyrrolidin-1-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 100%

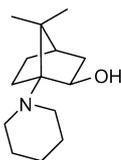
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +1.2$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S, 2R)

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



$C_{14}H_{25}NO$

(1S, 2R)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-piperidin-1-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 100%

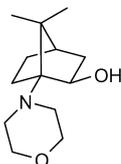
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +14.2$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S, 2R)

Zhi-Long Wu, Hsyueh-Liang Wu, Ping-Yu Wu, Biing-Jiun Uang \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1556*



$C_{13}H_{23}NO_2$

(1S, 2R)-7,7-Dimethyl-1-morpholin-4-yl-bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol

Ee = 100%

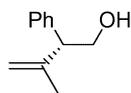
$[\alpha]_D^{24} = +11.0$  (c 1.0,  $CHCl_3$ )

Source of chirality: asymmetric synthesis

Absolute configuration: (1S, 2R)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



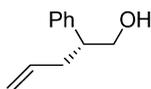
C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O

(*R*)-3-Methyl-2-phenylbut-3-en-1-ol

[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = -55.3 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenyloxirane  
Absolute chemistry: (2*R*)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



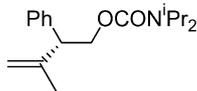
C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O

(*R*)-2-Phenylpent-4-en-1-ol

[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = +6.0 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenyloxirane  
Absolute chemistry: (2*R*)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



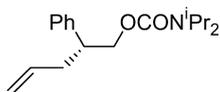
C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>

(*R*)-3-Methyl-2-phenylbut-3-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = -36.0 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenyloxirane  
Absolute chemistry: (2*R*)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



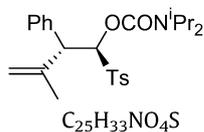
C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>

(*R*)-2-Phenylpent-4-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

[ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub> = +2.7 (c 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)  
Source of chirality: (*S*)-phenyloxirane  
Absolute chemistry: (2*R*)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



(1*S*,2*R*)-3-Methyl-2-phenyl-1-tosyl-but-3-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

$[\alpha]_D = -35.5$  (*c* 1,  $CHCl_3$ )

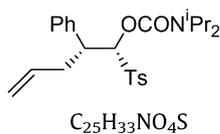
Er on C1 = 87.3:12.7, er on C2 = 91.7:8.3

Source of chirality: enantioselective deprotonation by (–)-sparteine/*s*-BuLi on (*R*)-2-phenylpent-4-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

Absolute chemistry: (1*S*,2*R*)

Yue-Lei Chen \*, Dieter Hoppe \*

*Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 20 (2009) 1561*



(1*S*,2*R*)-2-Phenyl-1-tosyl-pent-4-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

$[\alpha]_D = +39.6$  (*c* 1,  $CHCl_3$ )

Er on C1 = 88.8:11.2, er on C2 = 97.2:2.8

Source of chirality: diastereoselective deprotonation by TMEDA/*s*-BuLi on (*R*)-2-phenylpent-4-enyl *N,N*-diisopropylcarbamate

Absolute chemistry: (1*R*,2*R*)